duty for training under a call to duty specifying a period of less than 31 days or during a period of inactive duty was rendered uninsurable at standard premium rates, the underwriting criteria used by the insurer in determining good health for persons applying to it for life insurance in amounts not exceeding the maximum amount of coverage then available under 38 U.S.C. 1967 will be used.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1967)

(b) For all other purposes of determining if a member meets the necessary health requirements except paragraph (a) of this section, the underwriting criteria used by the insurer in determining good health for group life insurance purposes will be used.

[40 FR 4135, Jan. 28, 1975, as amended at 53 FR 17699, May 18, 1988. Redesignated at 61 FR 20135, May 6, 1996]

§ 9.11 Criteria for reinsurers and converters.

The following criteria will control eligibility for reinsuring and converting companies:

- (a) The company must be a legal reserve life insurance company as classified by the insurance supervisory authorities of the State of domicile. Qualified fraternal organizations are included.
- (b) The company must have been in the life insurance business for a continuous period of 5 years prior to October 1, 1965, or the December 31 preceding any redeterminations of the allocations. In the event of a merger, the 5year requirement may be satisfied by either the surviving company or by one of the absorbed companies. Upon joint application by a subsidiary of a participating company, together with the parent company, the 5-year requirement may be waived provided such parent company owns more than 50 percent of the outstanding stock of the subsidiary and has been a legal reserve life insurance company for a period of 10 years
- (c) The company must be licensed to engage in life insurance in at least one State of the United States or the District of Columbia.
- (d) The company will not be one: (1) Certified by the Department of Defense

as being under suspension for cause for purpose of allotment or on-base solicitation privileges.

- (2) That solicits life insurance applications as conversion or other replacement of Servicemembers' Group Life Insurance or Veterans' Group Life Insurance coverage in jurisdictions in which it is not licensed.
- (3) That fails to take effective action to correct an improper practice followed by it or its agents within 30 days after written receipt of notice issued by the insurer or the Assistant Director for Insurance. Improper practice includes:
- (i) The use for solicitation purposes of lists of names and addresses of former members without obtaining reasonable assurance that such lists have not been obtained contrary to regulations of the Department of Defense or other uniformed service;
- (ii) Failure to reveal sources and copies of mailing lists upon proper request or to otherwise cooperate in an authorized investigation of a reported improper practice;
- (iii) The use of written or oral representations which may mislead the person addressed as to the true role of the company or its representatives as one of the participating companies;
- (iv) The use of written or oral representations which may mislead the person addressed as to rights, privileges, coverage, premiums, or similar matters under Servicemembers' Group Life Insurance, Veterans' Group Life Insurance, or any policy issued or proposed to be issued as a conversion or other replacement coverage;
- (v) Violation of regulations of a uniformed service concerning solicitation of life insurance; and
- (vi) The use of written or oral references to Servicemembers' Group Life Insurance, Veterans' Group Life İnsurance orconversions Servicemembers' Group Life Insurance or Veterans' Group Life Insurance in connection with the attempted sale of an insurance policy which would not be, in fact, a conversion policy or a policy issued in lieu of a conversion, if those references might lead a person addressed to believe there is a connection between the policy being sold and coverage under Servicemembers' Group

Life Insurance, Veterans' Group Life Insurance or a conversion of it.

(e) Each reinsuring and converting company must agree to issue conversion policies to any qualified applicant regardless of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin, under terms and conditions established by the primary insurer.

[40 FR 4135, Jan. 28, 1975. Redesignated at 61 FR 20135, May 6, 1996]

§ 9.12 Reinsurance formula.

The allocation of insurance to the insurer and each reinsurer will be based upon the following:

(a) An amount of the total life insurance in force under the policy in proportion to the company's total life insurance in force in the United States where:

The first \$100 million in force is counted in full.

The second \$100 million in force is counted at 75 percent,

The third \$100 million in force is counted at 50 percent,

The fourth \$100 million in force is counted at 25 percent.

And any amount above \$400 million in force is counted at 5 percent.

- (b) The allocation will be redetermined at the beginning of each policy year for the primary insurer and the companies then reinsuring, with the portion as set forth in paragraph (a) of this section based upon the corresponding in force (excluding the Servicemembers' Group Life Insurance in force) as of the preceding December 31.
- (c) Any life insurance company, which is not initially participating in reinsurance or conversions, but satisfies the criteria set forth in §9.11, may subsequently apply to the primary insurer to reinsure and convert, or to convert only. The participation of such company will be effective as of the beginning of the policy year following the date on which application is approved by the insurer.

[40 FR 4135, Jan. 28, 1975. Redesignated and amended at 61 FR 20135, 20136, May 6, 1996]

§ 9.13 Actions on the policy.

The Assistant Director for Insurance will furnish the name and address of

the insuring company upon written request of a member of the uniformed services or his or her beneficiary. Actions at law or in equity to recover on the policy, in which there is not alleged any breach of any obligation undertaken by the United States, should be brought against the insurer.

[40 FR 4135, Jan. 28, 1975. Redesignated and amended at 61 FR 20135, 20136, May 6, 1996]

PART 10—ADJUSTED COMPENSATION

ADJUSTED COMPENSATION; GENERAL

Sec.

10.0 Adjusted service pay entitlements.

- 10.1 Issuance of duplicate adjusted service certificate without bond.
- 10.2 Evidence required of loss, destruction or mutilation of adjusted service certificate.
- 10.3 Issuance of duplicate adjusted service certificate with bond.
- 10.4 Loss, destruction, or mutilation of adjusted service certificate while in possession of Department of Veterans Affairs.
- 10.15 Designation of more than one beneficiary under an adjusted service certificate.
- 10.16 Conditions requisite for change in designation of beneficiary.
- 10.17 Designation of beneficiary subsequent to cancellation of previous designation.
- 10.18 Approval of application for change of beneficiary heretofore made.
- 10.20 ''Demand for payment'' certification.
- 10.22 Payment to estate of decedent.
- 10.24 Payment of death claim on lost, destroyed or mutilated adjusted service certificate with bond.
- 10.25 Payment of death claim on adjusted service certificate without bond.
- 10.27 Definitions.
- 10.28 Proof of death evidence.
- 10.29 Claims for benefits because of elimination of preferred dependent.
- 10.30 Proof of remarriage.
- 10.31 Dependency of mother or father.
- 0.32 Evidence of dependency.
- 10.33 Determination of dependency.
- 10.34 Proof of age of dependent mother or father.
- 10.35 Claim of mother entitled by reason of unmarried status.
- 10.36 Proof of marital cohabitation under section 602 or section 312 of the Act.
- 10.37 Claim of widow not living with veteran at time of veteran's death.
- 10.38 Proof of age of veteran's child.
- 10.38 Proof of age of veteran's child.

 10.39 Mental or physical defect of child.
- 10.40 Payment on account of minor child.
- 10.41 Definition of "child".